

1. Get up:

- **Definition:** To rise from bed or leave a sitting position.
- **Example:** "I usually get up at 7 AM for work."

2. Get along:

- **Definition:** To have a good relationship with someone.
- **Example:** "She gets along well with her colleagues."

3. Get over:

- **Definition:** To recover from an illness or emotional distress.
- **Example:** "It took him a while to get over the flu."

4. Get through:

- **Definition:** To finish or successfully endure a task or challenge.
- **Example:** "We need to work together to get through this project."

5. Get by:

- **Definition:** To manage or survive with what is available.
- **Example:** "During tough times, we have to get by with what we have."

6. Get across:

- **Definition:** To successfully communicate an idea or message.
- **Example:** "It's important to find ways to get your point across clearly."

7. Get off:

- **Definition:** To leave a form of transportation or be excused.
- **Example:** "I'll get off the bus at the next stop."

8. Get on:

- **Definition:** To board a form of transportation or have a good relationship with someone.

- **Example:** "I usually get on the train at this station."

9. Get in:

- **Definition:** To enter a vehicle or a place.
- **Example:** "Let's get in the car and go."

10. Get out: - **Definition:** To leave a vehicle or a place. - **Example:** "Everyone needs to get out of the building quickly."

Gap-fill Exercise:

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate phrasal verb from the list above:

1. I usually _____ at 6 AM, but today I slept in until noon.
2. It's challenging to _____ a difficult situation without proper support.
3. It is very difficult to _____ in this terrible economy.
4. We should find a way to _____ the importance of recycling to the community.
5. After a week of rest, he finally _____ his illness and returned to work.
6. I can't _____ the bus it's too crowded.
7. Make sure to _____ the bus at the next stop; it's our stop.
8. It's essential to _____ with your coworkers to create a positive work environment.
9. We need to _____ of the building quickly; there's a fire alarm.
10. Let's _____ the car and head to the beach for the weekend.

Answers:

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|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. get up | levantarse | Вставать |
| 2. get through | Terminar | Завершить |
| 3. get by | Arreglárselas | Выжить |
| 4. get across | Comunicar | Донести |
| 5. got over | Superar | Пережить/Преодолевать |
| 6. get on | Subir | сесть в (поезд или автобус) |
| 7. get off | Bajarse | Слезть |
| 8. get along | Llevarse bien | Хорошо ладить |
| 9. get out | Salir | Уходить (выйти) |
| 10. get in | Entrar | Войти |

Further uses of "Get"1. **Acquiring or Receiving:**

- **English:** I need to **get** a new book from the library.
- **Spanish:** Necesito **conseguir** un nuevo libro de la biblioteca.
- **Russian:** Мне нужно **получить** новую книгу из библиотеки.

2. **Becoming:**

- **English:** She will **get** tired after the long walk.
- **Spanish:** Ella se **pondrá** cansada después de la larga caminata.
- **Russian:** Она **станет** уставшей после долгой прогулки.

3. **Understanding or Comprehending:**

- **English:** I don't **get** the meaning of this word.
- **Spanish:** No **entiendo** el significado de esta palabra.
- **Russian:** Я не **понимаю** значение этого слова.

4. **Arriving or Reaching:**

- **English:** What time did you **get** to the airport?
- **Spanish:** ¿A qué hora **llegaste** al aeropuerto?
- **Russian:** Во сколько ты **прибыл** в аэропорт?

5. **Action or Achievement:**

- **English:** Let's **get** the work done before the deadline.
- **Spanish:** **Hagamos** el trabajo antes de la fecha límite.
- **Russian:** **Давайте** выполним работу до крайнего срока.